

Factors to Consider

- Adoption: ability to leverage training + developers
- Ease of use: difficulty level in programming and maintenance
- User experience: ability to make rich, compelling UX
- Platform support: ability to use components, applications, stores
- **Embedded characteristics**: reliability, low-level access, speed, memory
- Longevity: Support lifecycle, deprecation, and breakage

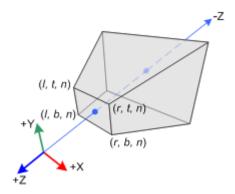


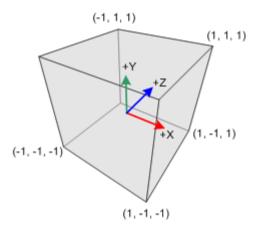


What's out there

- Do-It-Yourself
 - OpenGL ES
- Native frameworks
 - Altia, Crank, Elektrobit, etc
- Mobile
 - Android, Meego, Qt
- Web
 - AIR, HTML5







Do-It-Yourself

Write HMI to create OpenGL ES using C/C++ directly

- Pros
 - Closest to GPU: lightweight and fast
 - Hardware accelerated
 - 3D effects "easy"
- Cons
 - Very complex to program, and very low-level
 - Inconsistent support across GPUs reduces portability
 - No help, no ecosystem, no app stores



Native frameworks

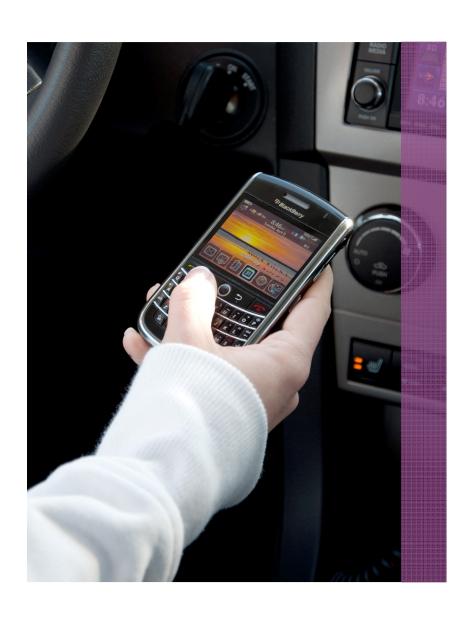
Pros

- Generally built for embedded
- Generally lightweight
- Can have state modeling features (easier to integrate voice recognition)
- C/C++ access very easy

Cons

- Small community—no developers, difficult to train, lack of ports to auto-quality SOCs
- Proprietary, non-standard and (often small) company dependent
- May not take advantage of all newest GPU features, techniques, graphics
- Encourages stagnation, with continuing development on legacy systems





Mobile derived frameworks

Meeting the promise

- Leverage the speed of mobility
- Leverage ecosystem of developers and apps

But can they deliver?

• General suitability in converting to automotive space





Web derived frameworks

Build on something bigger than automotive

- Biggest ecosystem and community
- Standards based
- Flexibility (head unit, mobile connectivity, cloud)
- Longevity
- Track record for legacy support





Adobe AIR

Adobe platform for web and embedded development

- Pros
 - Powerful framework
 - Big ecosystem
 - UX designer friendly
- Cons
 - Adobe proprietary de-facto "standard"
 - Some automotive deployment, but limited





HTML5

Shorthand for HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, AJAX, JSON, XML

Pros

High level, easy to program, powerful

Huge community

Standards based

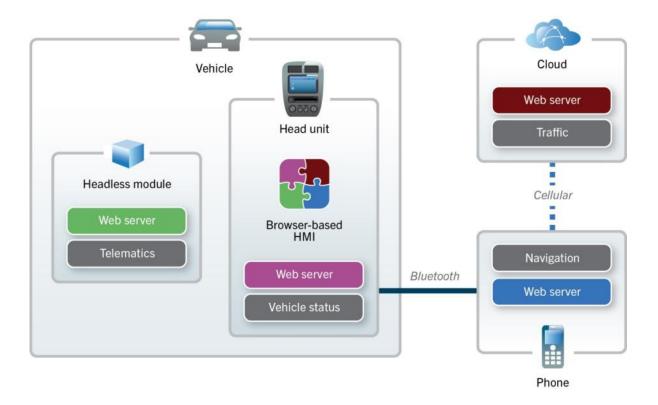
Flexibility: internal HMI, mobile connectivity, leveraging cloud, easy reskinning

Cons

- As yet unproven in automotive
- Needs optimization to match performance



HTML5 integration





QNX CAR Universal Application Platform





QNX Composition Manager







Parting thoughts

Embracing web approaches...

• Expands your options (more developers, apps and app stores)

• Leverages interfaces to mobiles

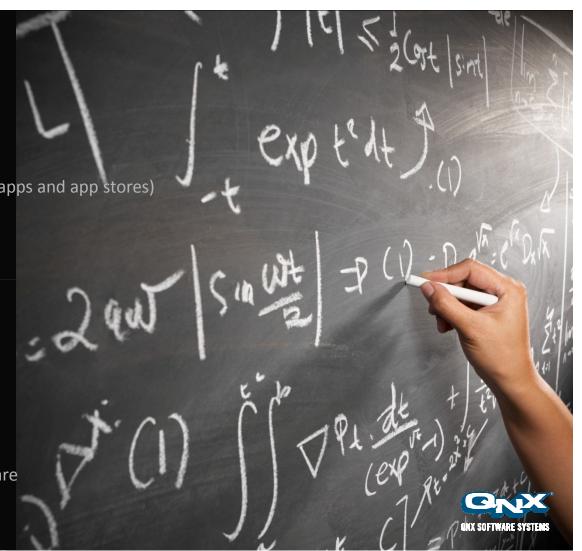
• Improves developer productivity

...comes with a cost

- More RAM
- Faster CPU
- Capable GPU

Look for solutions that are

- Optimized for embedded applications
- Hardened for automotive
- Provide easy access to underlying hardware





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